

Part 1) How C.I.A. Hypnotizes Mass Shooters

Captain Gunther K. Russbacher was a 30-plus year veteran of the C.I.A. and the Office of Naval Intelligence. The following link yields a brief outline of his career. Remember to access the link at the very end of this message to see photocopies of letters of commendation which Russbacher received from Adm. John Poindexter, Deputy Director of Pres. Reagan's National Security Council, William Casey, Director of Central Intelligence, Robert McFarlane, Reagan's National Security Advisor, and Vice-President George H.W. Bush. Here is the link outlining Russbacher's career and the grave conflicts he had when he revealed some of the secret crimes of the de facto Bush (Reagan's) White House:

<http://www.rumormillnews.com/RMN%20FOUNDERS%20GUNTHER%20AND%20RAYELAN.htm>

Navy Captain GUNTHER K. RUSSBACHER:

"How the Hypnotically Controlled Subjects are Chosen"

"A preset group of our people (from the intelligence community) canvasses the county hospitals and immigration centers in order to find viable candidates. We locate and select people who have no close family or friends. Once they have been selected, they are put under heavy, Level One hypnosis. At this time a clear and definitive pattern of their usefulness is determined by our psychiatrists and field officers. If the candidate possesses a relatively high IQ, he will be filed in a category file, called "call file. "

"Levels One and Two"

"If the tested applicant has more than 120 IQ, a "recall" command and an accompanying "trigger" word will be written into his personality during the Level One hypnosis session. This "trigger" will activate his recall program when we are ready for him. We then systematically do a background search and create a file for future reference. If there are no relatives, to speak of, the subject will be "recalled" and taken to a location of our choice. Further tests for vulnerability will be conducted at this location. If he passes these tests, he is then brought to Level 2 hypnosis where specific instructions are "written" (placed through hypnotic commands and suggestions) into his personality and he is given diverse small orders."

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"If this horrendous, diabolic plan to disarm America is not exposed, we can expect to see many more killings like the ones at Columbine. Each subsequent episode will be 100 times worse than the others.

In Columbine, the real people behind the killings were sending a subtle message to anyone who can decipher it: The bombs that were found were not intended to go off. They were merely there to let "key people" in Congress know what will happen the next time. In other words, instead of 15 people being killed, hundreds, maybe even thousands will be killed."

<http://www.rumormillnews.com/operation.htm>

Photocopies of letters of commendation which Russbacher received from Adm. John Poindexter, Deputy Director of Pres. Reagan's National Security Council, William Casey, Director of Central Intelligence, Robert McFarlane, Reagan's National Security Advisor, and Vice-President George H.W. Bush.

http://www.rumormillnews.com/RUSSBACHER_DOCS.htm

Part 2: How CIA Hypnotizes Mass Shooters

From the book, THE ROBERT F. KENNEDY ASSASSINATION,
by Philip H. Melanson

-- Page 173 --

"Hypnosis became yet another of the Cold War's weapons-development races.

In 1951, CIA behavioral research coordinator Morse Allen became enamored of hypnosis and began voraciously reading the literature on it. He then took a four-day crash course from one of New York City's leading stage hypnotists. Among other impressive uses of hypnosis, the mentor regaled Allen with stories of using it to seduce women. In one case the practitioner convinced a woman, under hypnosis, that he was her husband, and that she desperately desired to make love to him. Allen wrote back to the CIA touting the espionage uses of hypnosis. He also duly noted that his New York teacher `spent approximately five minutes a week engaging in sexual intercourse with his various female subjects.'

In addition to tales of sexual exploitation, Allen learned enough from the brief workshop to be able to put on a little demonstration back at CIA headquarters. He experimented on his office secretaries, hypno-programming them to `steal' secret files and pass them to total strangers. Allen induced one of his secretaries to report to the bedroom of a complete stranger, where she fell into a pre-programmed trance. `This activity clearly indicates,' he wrote, `that individuals under hypnosis might be compromised or blackmailed.' If spying was that amenable to the uses of hypnosis, then what about killing? By 1954, the CIA's pursuit of the robot assassin was proceeding in earnest. A CIA memo dated January of that year discusses a `hypothetical problem'; `Can an individual of [deleted] descent be made to perform an act of attempted assassination involuntarily . . .?' It describes using a particular person, name deleted, to turn him into a `trigger mechanism' whereby he can be `induced to perform the act of attempted assassination at a later date.

All of the above to be accomplished at one involuntary uncontrolled social meeting. After the act of attempted assassination was performed, it is assumed that the subject would be taken into custody by the [deleted] government and disposed of.' The target of the attempted assassination was to be 'a prominent politician [of the foreign country] or, if necessary, an AMERICAN OFFICIAL.' [emphasis added]

The memo (see photo/documents section of this book) warns that this hypothetical operation would probably not be successful because access to the subject would be too limited and the man would be acting involuntarily. Despite such problems, and despite the fact that this operation is described as `insignificant' in the overall mind-control project, the memo concludes that, `under crash conditions' and appropriate authority from HQ, the ARTICHOKE [code name for the mind-control project] team would undertake the problem in spite of its operational limitations.' Limitations notwithstanding, Morse Allen, ready to put on a stage show of his own, performed at CIA headquarters only two months after the memo was written. Having put one of his secretaries into a deep trance, he instructed her to stay that way. He then hypnotized one of her colleagues and told the second woman that if she could not awaken the first she would be so enraged that she would `kill' her while she slept.

Allen's hit woman, who had previously expressed a fear of firearms, dutifully picked up a hand gun left by her boss, and `shot' her dozing colleague. When Allen brought the assailant out of her trance, she not only had no memory of the `shooting,' but she denied that it ever occurred. "

----- End of Excerpt - -

From wikipedia.org:

"Philip H. Melanson (1944 - September 18, 2006) was a Chancellor Professor of Policy Studies at the University of Massachusetts, Dartmouth. He served as coordinator of the Robert F. Kennedy Assassination Archive, which is the world's largest collection on the subject, and also served as chair of the Political Science Department for 12 years.

An internationally recognized expert on political violence and governmental secrecy, Melanson wrote numerous books and articles related to these subjects. He appeared on NPR, BBC, CBS, and CNN news programs. He made 95 Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests, which resulted in the release of over 200,000 pages of federal government documents on topics relevant to his research.

-- Writings --

- * Knowledge, Politics, and Public Policy (ed.) (Cambridge, Mass.: Winthrop Publishers Inc., 1973).
- * Political Science and Political Knowledge (Washington, D.C.: Public Affairs Press, 1975).
- * The Politics of Protection: The U.S. Secret Service in The Terrorist Age, (New York: Praeger Publishers, 1984).
- * The MURKIN Conspiracy: An Inquiry into the Assassination of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. (New York: Praeger Publishers, 1988). (ISBN 0-275-93029-7)
- * Spy Saga: Lee Harvey Oswald and U.S. Intelligence (New York: Prager, 1990) (ISBN 0-275-93571-X).
- * The Robert F. Kennedy Assassination: New Revelations on the Conspiracy and Coverup, 1968-1991 (New York: Shapolsky Publishers, 1991). Paperback edition, 1994.
- * The Assassination of Martin Luther King, Jr. (New York: SPI Books, 1991). Paperback edition, 1994.
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- * Who Killed Robert Kennedy? (Berkeley, Cal Odonian Press, 1991).
- * Shadow Play: The Killing of Robert Kennedy, The Trial of Sirhan Sirhan, and the Failure of American Justice. with William Klaber, (New York: St. Martin's Press, 1997). Paperback edition, 1998. (ISBN 0-312-15398-8)
- * Secrecy Wars: Privacy, National Security and the Public's Right to Know (Dulles, Virginia: Brassey's Inc., January 2002). (ISBN 1-57488-324-0)
- * The Secret Service: The Hidden History of an Enigmatic Agency with Peter Stevens, (New York): Carroll and Graff, 2002) (ISBN 0-7867-1617-7). 1. ^ Marquard, Bryan. "Philip Melanson. Professor doggedly sought to open government", "The Boston Globe", 2006-9-22.